11th & 12th Grade —Checklists—

2021 - 2022



11th Grade Student Checklist

- Meet with your school counselor to make sure you are on track to graduate and meet all necessary requirements for graduation, academic rigor and college admissions.
- Continue to explore career options, how much education you'll need and the earning potential.
- Continue to research colleges and what you should look for to make sure you find a good fit. Talk to your parents about your choices, and ask them to help you clarify goals and priorities.
- Go to a PROBE College Fair. If your school has a financial aid night, be sure to attend.
- Review your family's financial situation and make sure you're planning for the cost of college appropriately. Visit the College Money Matters section and net price calculators on GAfutures.org for suggestions. The comparison tool at consumerfinance.gov is another helpful resource to compare college costs and financial aid offers.
- Take the PSAT/NMSQT to qualify for scholarships and programs associated with the National Merit Scholarship Program.
- Register for and take exams like the SAT, SAT Subject Test and the ACT for college admission. Check for free test prep classes in your area.
- Start drafting essays to use for scholarships and college admissions applications.
- Search for scholarships you may be eligible for to help pay for college on GAfutures, as well as through your school counselor, community, family and friends. Ask your parents if their employer offers scholarships for the children of employees.
- Schedule campus visits or contact colleges you are interested in attending to request information about financial aid, admission requirements, applications and deadlines.
- Consider completing college-level coursework through dual enrollment.



12th Grade Student Checklist.

Fall Checklist

- Meet with your school counselor to make sure you're on track to fulfill all graduation, admissions and academic rigor requirements.
- If you haven't done so, take the necessary admissions tests SAT, SAT Subject Test, ACT or Accuplacer. Be sure to have your test scores sent to GSFC (0472) by the deadline of high school graduation for Zell Miller Scholarship eligibility.
- Pay attention to deadlines and apply to the colleges you have chosen.
- Ask your teachers and counselors to submit required documents (letters of recommendation) to your preferred colleges.
- Submit a request through your My GAfutures account for your high school to send your official transcript to any college you've applied to.
- Beginning October 1, plan to complete the FAFSA. Attend a FAFSA completion event with your parents and get help filling it out (don't forget to create your and your parent's FSA ID before you go).
- Find out if your college requires the CSS/PROFILE, a supplemental financial aid form, in addition to the FAFSA.
- Stay involved in after-school activities and work hard all year. Your grades can still impact financial aid and scholarship eligibility.
- Consider completing college-level coursework through dual enrollment.

Spring Checklist

- Complete any additional scholarship applications. In addition to submitting the FAFSA, be sure to submit the GSFAPP to qualify for state aid like the HOPE Scholarship.
- Decision time! Review your college acceptances, compare financial aid offers and plan visits to where you have been accepted.
- Review your family's financial situation and make sure you're planning for the
 cost of college appropriately. Visit the College Money Matters section and net
 price calculators on GAfutures.org for suggestions. The comparison tool at
 consumerfinance.gov is another helpful resource to compare college costs and
 financial aid offers.
- If you have questions about the aid being offered, contact that college's financial aid office.
- When you decide which college to attend, submit any required financial deposits, and confirm housing plans, freshman orientation dates and course registration.
 Also, notify the other colleges you were accepted to and withdraw your application.
- After you begin college, you will have access to your My College HOPE Profile allowing you to check your eligibility while in college.

Vocabulary_

When it comes to financial aid and planning for college, there are some key terms you should know to help you understand the process and make informed decisions.

- 529 Plan: Tax-advantaged savings plan designed to encourage saving for future college expenses. Path2College is Georgia's 529 plan.
- COA (Cost of Attendance): Total cost of attending a college or university, including tuition, room and board, books, lab fees, transportation and basic living expenses.
- EFC (Expected Family Contribution): Number used to determine your eligibility for federal student financial aid. EFC is determined by the financial information you provide on your FAFSA, the application for federal student aid. Your EFC is reported to you on your Student Aid Report (SAR).
- FAFSA (Free Application for Federal Student Aid): Filling out a FAFSA is the first step in the financial aid process. To be eligible to receive federal financial aid, a student must complete a FAFSA.
- FSA ID: Provides access to Federal Student Aid's online systems and can serve as your legal signature. You must have an FSA ID to complete the FAFSA.
- Grant: Money given to students for their education that does not typically have to be repaid. Often based on need, grants may come from federal or state programs, or sometimes from private charitable organizations.
- HOPE GPA: Your HOPE GPA determines if you are academically eligible for the HOPE or Zell Miller Scholarship. It includes only grades earned in core subjects – English, math, science, social studies and foreign language. You can check your HOPE GPA beginning in 10th grade through your My GAfutures account.
- Merit-based: Financial aid based on academic, athletic or some other type of achievement.
- Need-based: Need-based financial aid is reserved for low-income students.
- Pell Grant: Federal program that provides need-based educational grants for lowincome students. Pell Grants do not typically have to be repaid.
- SAR (Student Aid Report): Your SAR summarizes the information entered on your FAFSA form and shows the amount of your EFC.

Visit the College Planning section of GA futures for additional information on preparing for college.

GAfutures.org

Explore. Plan. Succeed.

GSFC Georgia Student Finance Commission

() **()**